THE TIMES FOUNDED 1850.

WHOLE NUMBER 16,909.

75

variable wind

At 1 A. M.

CONDITIONS VESTERDAY

MINIATURE ALMANAC.

BY A DESPERADO

Deputy Marshal Zach.

Wade Eptally Wounded

Without Warning.

The Marshal Dies On Train and

a Posse is Scouring the Moun-

tains in Search of His

Murderer-Funeral of

the Murdered

ROCKY MOUNT, VA., July 26 .- Anothe

norrible murder, this morning was the

startling intelligence brought by the

southern train, and the victim was on

hood of Union Hall Tuesday night last, armed with a capias for Clephus Poin-

dexter, a desperado, who had been sell-

ing liquor without a license. Mr. Wade

was a deputy United States Marshal, a

brave fellow, and went to the home o

the negro to arrest him, but the negro

suspecting whom it was and what his errand was met him at the door, and without warning shot him with a shot-gun, the entire charge entering the abdomen. The unfortunate man was catried to Union Hall station by the father of the negro who did the shooting. He was put upon the train due here at ten o'clock, but dide just before the train came to Rocky Mount station this morning. Mr. Wades's remains were taken to the home of his sister, Mrs. L. W. Morgan, and will be interred in the family burying ground near the home of his father, a few miles south of town, to-morrow. A large posse, headed by Sherif Nicholson, is securing the county near the scene of the murder in search of the murderer.

It is understood from a reliable source that Governor Montague will not come to Rocky Mount after an explanation of the circumstances was made to him.

Mr. Martin's appointment here has been advertised since July third.

JAPANESE BEGIN

ATTACK ON TUMEN

Army of Many Thousand Men

Said to Be Assailing Russian

Positions.

(By Associated Press.)
LONDON, July 27.—The corresponden

of the Daily Telegraph at Tokio sends

a report, received from Osaka, Japan,

to the effect that a Japanese army o

many thousand men is attacking the Russian position on the Tumen River,

the same train.

THE ASSASSIN

A NEGRO WAS

RICHMOND, VA., THURSDAY, JULY 27, 1905.

PRICE TWO CENTS.

For 25 Cents

BOTTOM TAKES BOLD STAND FOR

Chairman of the Ordinance Committee Has Joined the Majority.

HE MAKES A VERY MANLY SPEECH

Declares He Will Not Stand in the Way of Majority's Judgment,

HIS STATEMENT WARMLY COMMENDED

Ordinance Offered By Mr. Cannon, Broadening the Mills Lines, is Overwhelmingly Adopted - Will Go Through Both Branches.

ing for the real extension of the corpo rate limits of Richmond won a great victory in the Ordinance Committee last night, when, after a protracted session an annexation ordinance offered by Mr James E. Cannon, broadening the liner provided in the Mills plan, was recom-mended to the Council by a vote of

This, of itself, indicated that there This, of itself, indicated that there would shortly be tangible results on the subject, but the greatest victory of the annexationists came with the very manly statement of Mr. Davis Bottom, chairman of the committee, that while hitherto standing for the Mills plan, he would feel it his duty to advocate the ordinance adopted by a majority of his collegues.

collegues.

This means that Mr. Bottom, who is one of the leading and most popular members of the lower branch of the Council, will now be the floor leader for the Cannon-Pollock plan, and that the Mayor's veto of the Mills substitute will be sustained.

Effect of Bottom's Conversion,

The remarks of Mr. Bottom were re-ceived with genuine appreciation by Messrs. Lynch, Dabney, Minor, Cannon and others who have always stood for the broader lines, and the comments heard upon his position were most flat-

"I have stood for the plan offered by Captain Mills," said Mr. Bottom, "bu' I am willing to yield to the judgment of my colleagues who favor the broader my colleagues who favor the broader lines."

Mr. Blair offered a substitute to Mr. Cannon's plan, and it was rejected by the following vote:

Ayes-Messrs. Blair, Dickerson and Bot-

Ayes—Messrs. Blatt, Dickelson and Nocs-Messrs. Beck, Cannon, Dabney, Lynch, Minor and Umlauf—6.

Mr. Carmon's ordinance was then adopted by a voic of 7 to 2, Mr. Bottom voting with the majority, which had just rejected the Blair substitute.

The diacussion of the subject was fiery and long drawn out, the session having lasted until nearly midnight.

Messrs. Cannon, Dabney, Minor and Umlauf spoke for the Cannon plan, and the Blair substitute, which was a slight enlargement of the Mills plan, was advocated by Messrs. Blair, Dickinson and Bottom.

Bottom,
There was some acrimony in the discussion, and Messrs. Dabney and Blair several times became involved in interesting exchange of cross firing. At other times Messrs. Cannon and Bottom took some warm shots at each other, but all the discussion was good-natured and no ill feeling was displayed by any one.

Lines of Cannon Plan.

The Cannon Cannon Plan.

The Cannon ordince will, if adopted and approved by the court, take in the

Lines of Cannon Plan.

The Cannon ordiance will, if adopted and approved by the court, take in the following territory:

Beginning at the western city limits as incorporated by an act of the General Assembly, approved February 13, 1807, on the southern margin of James River, thence extending westwardly along the southern margin of James River to a point opposite the western face of the old canal lock No. 2, which point is on a straight line extending from the south bank and crossing James river on a course N. 23 degrees 30 minutes E. to a point on the southern line of Hagan's addition, in the middle of the block between Spruce and Magnolia Streets; thence along the southern line of said Hagan's addition is a southern set with the street of the southern line of Magnolia Street; thence along the southern line of Magnolia Street; thence in a northeastwardly direction parallel with Bellevue Street to a point on the north side of Grantite Street, 150 feet west of Blanton Avenue; thence northwardly papallel with and distant 150 feet west of Blanton Avenue; thence northwardly papallel with and distant 150 feet west of Blanton Avenue and Tabb Road to a point on the north side of Beverly Street 150 feet west of Fousinee or Sheppard Street to a point 150 feet south of Westham Road or Cary Street continued; thence in a westwardly direction on a line parallel with and distant 150 feet west of Crenshaw Avenue to the centre of the present public alley to a point 150 feet west of Crenshaw Avenue in the action along a line parallel with and distant 150 feet west of Chenshaw Avenue, thence in a northwardly direction along a line parallel with and distant 150 feet west of Chenshaw Avenue and Hanveyr Street; thence in a neastwardly direction along a line distant 150 feet west of Chenshaw Avenue and Hanveyr Street; thence in a neastwardly direction along a line distant 150 feet west of the pepen Run Turnpike or Broad Street continued; thence in a neastwardly direction along a line parallel with and distant 150 feet west of High Po Takes in Fairmount.

The line then proceeds to the north (Continued on Second Page.)

JAPANESE READY POINTER ON THE WEATHER WITH PEACE PLAN Friday: Virginia-Fair Thursday Fair Thursd: and Friday; ligh

Great Question Will Be Decided at First Meeting of Envoys.

DEMAND INDEMNITY OF BILLION DOLLARS

Manchuria for China and Sakhalin and Liao Tung Peninsula for Japan-Question of Vladivostok Is Dangerous. Armistice Not in Sight.

PROBABLE JAPANESE DEMANDS.

Cession of Sakhalin, the Liao Tung Peninsula and the railway as far as Harbin.

Recognition of Japan's predominat-ing influence in Korea. Restoration of Manchuria to China.

(By Associated Press.)

WASHINGTON, July 26 .- Whether there is to be peace in the Far East or a continuance of the war will be practically decided at the first business meeting of the Washington conference which will convene at the navy-yard, Portsmouth, N. H., about August 5th. Baron Komura will, on that occasion, com municate to M. Witte the essentials of Japan's peace terms for further negotiations. This, it is declared, will not be there are many evidences in the possession of the neutral governments that Japan is coming to the war conference not imbued with a desire to humiliate Russia, but only to exact terms which will insure a lasting peace in the Fa East, and which will in a measure compensate Japan for the financial losses in

Japanese Terms.

It is known that Japan will demand an indemnity, that will approximately cover the cost of the war to date. This was communicated to Russia early in the pre-liminary negotiations. The amount is still a secret, but it is based upon the most carreful estimates of the costs of the war and will be accompanied by a more or less detailed statement showing the method by which the final figures were method by which the final figures were computed. It will not fail far short of one billion dollars, according to advices reaching here from well informed sources.

Besides the indemnity, it is believed,

Besides the indemnity, it is believed, Japan's other essentia's to the continuance of the negotiations are the cession to Japan of Sakhalien, of the Liac Tung Peninsula, and of the rallway as far as Harbin; the recognition of Japan's predominating influence in Korea and the return of Manchuria to China. If the Russian plenipotentiaries are prepared to accept these essentials, the officials here are confident that the basis will be laid for negotiations sure to lead to the signing of the treaty of Washington, bringing peace in the Far East.

As for the subjects remaining to be discussed, a tedious one, it is believed, and

one on which Russia will be disposed to negotiate with the greatest caution, is the programme for the restoration of Manchuria to Chinese control. Because of the confusion and general disorder likely to ensue in the province after the withdrawal of the foreign armies, Japan believes that a certain time will be required in which to restore public order and the establishment of a regular system of Chinese police administration. During this peried Japan will insist that she remain in control of administration she remain in control of administration of the province, at the same time giving a definite piedge finally to evacuate as soon as China shall be in a position to take up the reins of government there and maintain order.

Question of Armistice.

A second subject for the pienipoten-tiaries to settle will be the surrender of all the Russian ships now interned in neutral ports. Europe believes Japan will demand the

(Continued on Third Page.)

TAFT AND PARTY ARE SUPREME COUNCIL TO RECEIVED BY MIKADO

Crowds of People Line Streets As Head of Royal Arcanum Takes Distinguished Visitors

Pass.

TOKIO, July 26 .- The Emperor and the Empress of Japan to-day received in audience and at luncheon the official members of the party of Secretary of War Taft. Shortly after noon the secretary and party were driven to the Imperial Palace in the State carriage.

Lloyd C. Griscom, American Minister to Japan, escorted Miss Alice Roosevelt to the palace. Crowds of people lined the streets during the passage of the dis-tinguished visitors to the palace.

Suppress Gambling in Chicago.

(By Associated Press.)
CHICAGO, July 23.—John Collins, newly installed chief of police, to-night startled gamblers by leading a comprehensive attack control of the control tack against the largest poker rooms to be found in the down-town quarter. Chief Collins announced early to-day that he purposed to suppress all gam-bling in Chicago.

BE CALLED TO MEET

Action on Matter of New

(By Associated Press.) HARRISBURG, PA., July 26.-Supreme

Regent Howard C. Wiggans, of Rome, N. Y., head of the national organization of the Royal Arcanum, stated in a letter received to-day by Supreme Representa tive H. B. McNulty, of Chambersburg Pa., that he will call a meeting of the Supreme Council to consider the protests against the recent legislation of the Supreme Council increasing the insurance

President Receives Negro Bishop.

(By Associated Press.) OYSTER BAY, July 26.—Among the visitors received by the President to-day was Bishop J. W. Hoob, of the African Methodist Episcopal Church, of South Carolina, who is in Oyster Bay directing some church meeting.

SAYS CORRUPTION IS A FIXED EVIL

Metropolitan Press Great Safeguard of Country. Cardinal Declares.

DIVORCE IS MOST SERIOUS PROBLEM

The Prelate Believes That Some Money Is "Tainted" - Very Difficult for a Rich Man to Be Happy, He Thinks. The Testimony of Carnegie.

corruption is a fixed evil that we must condition of society exists in this coun-

try," said Cardinal James Gibbons yesterday. "Whenever there is an amalgamation of great capital, or a large collection of men interested in one collection of men interested in one money making concern, there is sure to be corruption. It is not a new story. It is a story as old as the world's history. The only reason that it comes so much to the fore at present is that the methods of its detection are daily growing stronger."

"Corruption has always existed. Corruption, I am much afraid, will always exist as long as human nature yields to the attributes that lead to temptation.

Dread of Exposure.

Dread of Exposure.

"The bright spot in the whole swamp of present moral degradation is the fact that the degradation is made known. Corruption cannot exist nowadays without being discovered after a while. The out being discovered after a while. The greater the evil the greater the possibility of remedy. And that possibility of remedy. As now become such an assured fact that it counterbalances, almost, the evil which the present condition of money madness creates.

"The lear, the dread of exposure is the counterbalancing element, and that fear, that dread, that horror of having a mame once respected dragged down is due to the efforts of the metropolitan

iue to the efforts of the metropolitar

due to the efforts of the metropolitan press.

"It may not be good theology, it may not be good ethics, but it is ceretainly very good common sense, and a very good moral element that the fear, the dread of exposure in the public press, keeps many a man sticking close to the path of rectifude who otherwise would stray off into the byways of personal graft."

Cardinal Gibbons is spending the sum-

stray off into the byways of personal graft."

Cardinal Gibbons is spending the summer away "down at the further end of Long Island. In the modest little rectory of Father O'Hara, who is the pastor of the local church. In this, one of the oldest sattled spots in America, where even the road signs tell you that this particular one was opened in 1663, the only wearer of the scarlet baretta in America is lounging away the brilliant wind swept summer days. Off to the east the Atlantic Ocean pours in its flood of salt-laden ozone. The surf thunders on the beach. From the other hand come the winds of New England, balsam laden with sweetness. The sand dunes rise and fall in a seemingly unending reach of barren billows. Clear skies, wind swept dunes and the eternal roil of the ocean are the playthings that His Emilnence has chosen for his summer recreation.

Alert and Informal.

Alert and informal.

It was in the rectory of the parish church that Cardinal Gibbons explained to a New York Herald and Times-Dispatch reporter what he feared morally and financially from the present condition of the country. Cardinal Gibbons take absolutely to the point. He does not waste words on fancy expressions of sentiment. He does not beat about the bush with fine phrases. What he has to say he says emphatically, briefly, He does not look his seventy-one years. Although he is small in stature, he is not his fortunate blessing, and although he ha

weazened. The vigor of youth is still his fortunate blessing, and although he has for many years worn the scarlet baretta of a cardinal, the material fact of wearing it is still a nuisance to him. It slips from his white haired head find he catches it with almost an impationt gesture.

Out there in Southampton His Eminence does not stick closely to the garb of his hely office. As he sat in the sunny, cool parlor of Father O'Hara's rectory, the only marks of his distinguished preferment in the church visible to the layman's eyes was the bit of scarlet baretta, which is only a skull cap, and a trace of scarlet which showed around his neck. In other respects he was dressed in the conventional, sombre garb of a priest—it might have been the clothes of any Church. With the scarlet baretta covered he could have walked down the street and easily have been mistaken for an alert, amilable old gentleman who indulged in none of the frivollities of the tallor's art.

On his right finger, however, gleamed the enormous ring of his office, the big anothyst stone set around with a small row of diamonds.

Reputation Highest.

Reputation Highest.

"There is nothing," said he, "which a man prizes more than his reputation. And the only way to effectually upset a man's man prizes more than his reputation. And
the only way to effectually upset a man's
reputation is to expose him to the public
press. The power of the press is incalculable. Its argus, almost searchlight eye
is ever looking for the weak spot in humanity to throw it up into bold prominence. Sometimes it happens that the de-

(Continued on Second Page.)

WANTHELP TO-DAY.

The 21 advertisements for help jub-lished in to-day's Times-Dispatch on page 8 are as follows:

2 Office. 1 Salesman. 7 Trades. 2 Domestics. 8 Miscellaneous.

This not only interest those out of work, but those desiring to improve their positions as well.

GRAND JURY INDICTS WELL KNOWN MEN

THE GRAND JURY'S WORK.

INDCITED FOR MISDEMEANOR:

ALFRED B. WILLIAMS, editor of The News Leader. SAMUEL GOLDSTEIN, salesman. CHRIS. MANNING, plumbing contractor.

S. JACKSON WISE, clerk. L. K. CULBERSON, occupation an whereabouts unknown.

INDICTED FOR FELONY: L. K. CULBERSON.

THE LAW IN THE CASE.

Messrs. Williams, Manning and Goldstein are indicted for a misdemeanor, the violation of the Barksdale pure election law. The section of the law alleged to have been violated reads thus:

No person shall expend, pay; promise, loan or become pecuniarily liable in any way for any money or other valuable thing (in behalf of any candidate for office at any election), primary or nominating convention held in this Commonwealth. Any person or candidate violating any of the provisions of this or the preceding section of this act shall be subject to a fine of not less than \$100 or more than \$1,000 or confined in jail not jess than one or more than twelve months.

MEMBERS OF GRAND JURY.

The following are the members of the grand jury which returned the indictments:

Charles F. Taylor, George Schoen, E. A. Baughman, John A. Curtis, R. Lee Peters, Andrew Pizzini, Jr., Arthur B. Clark, C. P. Lathrop, W. B. Lyons, (colored).

6 DIE; 11 OTHERS LOCKWOOD WAS ILL: PEOPLE FLEE

Many Residents of New Orleans Leaving to Escape Yellow Fever.

MANY NEW CASES REPORTED LOST EVERYTHING IN FAILURE

Work of Fighting Spread of Infection Now in Full

Progress.

NEW ORLEANS, July 26 .- Six deaths up to 6 P. M., making a total to date

The number of new case reported yesterday, but compiled to-day is 11, making all told to date 185. There are now 19

foel of Infection.

Fighting Scourge.

The organization of forces for fighting the spread of the infection and for a campaign of education and practical application of the mosquite extermination plans, has been completed, and besides one hundred men put on as extras to clean gutters by the city, three hundred and fifty men are working as a part of the system of sanitation. Citizens are being organized in wards, and these ward clubs will form precinct clubs, and a house to house canvass will be made to assure the screening of every cistern and the oiling of every coss-pool and water the olling of every cess-pool and water pond. The business men have provided the funds for this work, and as the peo-ple are aroused to the necessity for

viciding to the sentiment of the community, the State Board of Health adopted new regulations for the fruit ships, providing that they should remain six days at sea between the last port and New Orleans, and requiring fumigation here after the discharge of the cargo. Yesterday the steamship Anselm, of the United Fruit Company, was allowed to come up after help at sea four and a half days, and according to the ship's papers, she stopped at the quarantine station exactly

(Continued on Third Page.)

MUCH SURPRISED

Gave Bail in Mayor's Court and Leaves for West Virginia.

Counsel States That He Does Not Know Newton Lockwood's Whereabouts.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

ORANGE, VA., July 26.-J. Wells Lock vood, who was arrested on yesterday on a warrant sworn out by D. Mays charging him with having embezzled \$5,000 from the American National Bank of Orange, of which he was president was examined in the Mayor's Court this morning and balled for the sum of \$7.500. with his mother as security for his appearance at the September term of the court.

left for Huntington, W. Va., where he is secretary and treasurer of a coal comof The Times-Dispatch he stated that he was greatly surprised at the action taken by the authorities in having him arrested when he had come to visit his mother. He said that it was well known that he

He said that it was well known that he had been employed by a bank in New York city for some months, and that recently he accepted a position with a coal company in Huntington, W. Va. He said that he could have been arrested at any time, and that he had no ideathere was a warrant out gainst him. He further stated that fis had lost everything in the failure of the American National Bank of Orange, and that he had been compelled to borrow \$100 in order to get away from town. away from town. He made no statement regarding the

charges against his brother, Newton Lockwood, cashier of the defunct bank whose actions in the management of the (Continued on Second Page.)

CAMPS AT WATER'S EDGE

Fifteen Acres of Shrubs and Bushes Burned in Effort to Drive Desperado Out.

Orive Desperatio Out.

(By Associated Press.)

PLAINFIELD, N. J., July 26.—Baffled by treacherous swamps and thick woods, a posse of farmers and police has surrounded Charles Long, a negro, accused of murdering Mathew Cunningnam, of Trenton. This atternoon they set fire to more tha fifteen acres of shrubs and bushes on the outskirts of "Dismat Swamp," between South Plainfield and New Market, N. J., in an effort to drive the man out of his hiding place.

A brisk wind blowing over the swamp from the direction in which the fire was started took the smoke through the woods, and it is not thought that Long will be able to stay where he is and live. In readiness for his appearance, the members of the posse are armed with soft guns, and should long make any attempt at resistence, he will be killed without hesitation.

Lewis Booker Dead.

Lewis Booker, ejdest son of the late George T. and Caroline Booker, and for-merly a resident of Richmond, died sud-denly of apoplexy on Tuesday at the home of his son, George T. Booker, in San Francisco.

NEGRO IN SWAMP; POSSE PEARY SETS OUT FOR DASH TO NORTH POLE

Confident That Outcome Will Be Successful-Great Crowd Cheers Steamer.

(By Associated Press.)
NORTH SIDNEY, C. B., July 26,-Arctic steamer Roosevelt, bearing Com-mander Robert E. Peary's latest expedition, swung clear of Terminal Whari and headed northward on her voyage of discovery loward the North Pole at pre cisely 2 o'clock this afternoon. As the steamer left the wharf an Immense crowd, which had gathered to witness her departure, burst into cheers, which were min gled with the whistles of the steamers and the demonstration continued as the steamer passed down the harbor. The city had been gayly decorated for the oc-

Commander Peary, in speaking of the expedition, shortly before his departure, showed firm confidence that the cutcome would be successful, in which case he inwould be successful.

I tends to return in September, 1908.

Mrs. Peary and her daughter, who have hean with Commander Peary in this city, pending his departure, left for New York This Body Brings in Five Presentments for Misdemeanor.

THREE CHARGE USE OF MONEY FOR VOTES

Messrs. Williams, Manning and Goldstein Involved in Jefferson Ward.

INDICTMENT FOR FELONY IN MONROE WARD CASE

Culberson, the Man Charged With Crime, Has Disappeared. Mr. Wise Presented for Misdemeanor-All the Defendants Give Bond-History of the Case.

The sensation of the hour in political circles is that created yesterday by the grand jury when that body, after a seaon of nearly ten days, brought in true bills against five Democratic citizens o more or less prominence, charging them with violating the election laws of the State in the recent municipal and legis-

The action of the jury did not come as a great surprise, but at the same time its findings were the subject of the mos widespread and earnest comment.

Williams, editor of the News Leader; Chris Manning, one of the most prominent of all the local politicians in the city; S. Goldstein, a worker in the First cinct: Jackson Wise, one of the judges in the Third Monroe precinct, and L. K. Culberson, the man who is alleged to have been improperly registered and allowed to serve as clerk in this precinct.

All Promptly Gave Bond.

All he men were balled for their appearance before the Hustings Court on September 21st, and they had no troubly in giving their bonds. Mr. Henry L. Cabell went on the bond of Mr. Williams, which was placed at \$500, and Mr. Chris Manning readily furnished security for Mr. Goldstein, it being fixed at the same amount.

The bond of Mr. Wise was the largest

amount,
The bond of Mr. Wise was the largest of all. It was \$1,000, and his security was Mr. W. T. Creekmore, Mr. James & Cannon went on Mr. Manning's bond, and the popular Jefferson Ward police commissioner had at least a dozen offers

massiner may at teast a dozen offers on this line.

There was no bond for Culberson. This man is away, and probably will never return, and no friend was in court to take up his cause. The Charge Against Mr. Williams

that he arranged the matter between Mr. Williams and Mr. Goldstein. The latter is indicted for accepting money in violation of the Barksdale pure

monoy in violation of the Burksdale pure election law. The Indictments against Messrs. Wise and Culberson relate en-tirely to alleged frauds in the Third Pre-cinct of Monroe Ward, which Mr. Royall declared had been characterized by unfair All the men indicted, save Culberson

were seen last night, and they stoutly declined to discuss the subject for publi-cation. Mossrs. Williams, Manning and Wise declined to say who would not as their counsel, though several of then said many of their legal friends had volunteered to serve them.

Counsel for the Accused.

It is bolleved that Mr. H. M. Smith will represent Mr. Manning, and that Hon. Eppa Hunton and Hon. A. C. Braxton will appear for Mr. Williams. Mr. Wise will be taken care of by Mr. Gilbert K. Pollock, and the counsel for

Mr. Manning will look after Mr. Gold

Clibert K. Pollock, and the counsel for Mr. Manning will look after Mr. Goldstein's interests.

It is not believed that the charges against any of the men indicted will result seriously, although the law provides for both fines and fail punishment.

The law makes these alleged violations relates and the juries hereafter to deal with the cases cannot find any very serious verdicts against any of those accused.

The case of Jackson Wise will come up soon in the Police Court, and in addition to the indictment already found by the grand jury, he may be sent on upon another charge by Justice Cruichfield Mr. Policek, who is looking after Mr. Wise's interests in the Police Court, will follow the matter up when it goes before Judge Witt.

There is no question that the great body of the Deniocratic party in the city commends the grand jury for its earnest efforts to get at the bottom of the matter just investigated, and that they congratulate the members upon their diligent work.

Voters Who Deposed Yesterday.

The voters in the Third Precinct of Monroe Ward who were examined yes.

The voters in the Third Precinct of Monroe Ward who were examined yes-

Monroo Ward who were examined yesterday before any report was formulated were as follows:

Joseph H. Grubbs, W. G. Tyree, A. W. Frank, Jacob Lewit, Rutherford, O. A. Niceter, R. P. Folk, A. J. Schmidt, J. S. Yan Horn, William R. McComb, W. O. Schmidt, J. F. Hundley, H. C. Jones, Karl Ruehrmund, J. L. Levy, Georga Pearson, A. L. Mattern, John Brmenhauser, James Von Dalier, H. S. Hutler, D. Rosendorf, David Hutler, G. Y. King, H. M. Anderson, David Connell, A. Hernstein, A. N. Tinsley, Jr., John F. Kohler, R. M. Burford, W. Mac Jones, Joseph R. McDonald, S. L. Ullman, E. W. Ball, Samuel Sinton, A. J. Warren, Sam Jacobs, E. W. Doe, W. C. Sharp, M. To-